Carnegie Library 4th & Nev

THE RICHMOND TERMINAL WAS ESTABLISHED IN 1903, AND IS THE LEGAL COUNTY AND CITY NEWSPAPER. RICHMOND'S NEWS SUMMARIZED.

The Terminal is the oldest newspaper in Richmond and has the confidence and support of pioneers

RICHMOND TERMINAL

The Terminal boosts and advertises Richmond, directly increasing your property values.

VOL. XIV — RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1917 — No. 21

U. S. Liberty Loan Is Gilt-Edge Investment

Standard Oil Company Takes One Million Dollars Worth of War Bonds.

Richmond's greatest industry, without which this city would still be a small way station, has subscribed for one million dollars' worth of Liberty Loan bonds, the loan being placed through Herbert Fleishbacker of the London Paris National Bank.

This action of the Standard Oil Co. is a safe guarantee as to the stability of U. S. paper, and that investments in the war bonds will be popular with the people.

John D. Rockefeller has personally invested five million dollars in 3½s, which is good evidence that investments are safe.

John Nicholl Says His Name Was Not Authorized

John Nicholl in an interview with a bay city newspaper strenuously denied that he had anything to do with the federal ship building corporation recently organized and with which his name is connected-Nichol said:

"I know nothing of this company, and the use of my name is entirely without my permission. I will state that I have absolutely nothing to do with the corporation."

Professor Asks $50 Per Diem

Charles G. Hyde, the well known university professor and expert authority on street improvement bonds, is not a "cheap man." It is said his price for inspecting the proposed sewer improvement of 10th street would be $50 per day. The council laid the matter over for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Scheik have returned from an extended tour of the southland, including in their itinerary Los Angeles, Pasadena, Santa Monica, Venice and other pleasure resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. Richards Return From Honeymoon

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Richards have returned from their honeymoon, presumably Southern California, the newspaper "secret service contingent" being completely baffled in all attempts to get a line on the itinerary of the popular newlyweds.

Mr. Richards is a Richmond realty dealer, and his estimable bride was Miss Hazel S. Myers, formerly with the Richmond Abstract Co.

Speed Cops Wear Khaki

Speed cops will be active in and around Richmond this summer, as soon as the new highway through Albany is completed, which will be soon, as the steam plows and shovels are very speedy in the excavation work and will soon have the roadbed ready for the asphaltum. Speed cops are not discernible as they emerge from the dead vegetation that borders the highway, as many motorists have ascertained who have burned the bitumen down San Jose way.

See Laufer's advertisement about your vision.

PRESBYOPIA

comes to men and women alike; few escape it with advancing age; the distant sight may be good if there is no error of refraction, but for close work, reading or writing, Glasses are necessary.

If you have Presbyopia—YOU KNOW IT and should see it.

F. W. LAUFER OPTICIAN 4-8-7 Fourteenth Street, bet. Broadway and Washington, OAKLAND

H. C. CAPWELL CO OAKLAND H. C. CAPWELL CO.

SPORT SILK SUITS
HALF PRICE

In all the new materials, khaki kool, Fairway, Yo-San, Shantung and Pongee; made in smartest styles for dress or sport wear. Figured materials and stripes and plaids and combinations of fancy materials with plain colors. Colors—gold, green, rose, gray, Copenhagen, white, navy and Tan. Original Prices—$47.50 to $75.00.

Sale Prices—$23.75 to $37.50

REDUCED PRICES ON JERSEY SUITS

Savings on these extremely serviceable suits made in sport styles. Some pleated from yoke, others box-pleated, quite a few handsomely braided or fancy stitched. Included also are smart mannish tailored models with tailored collar and revers. Colors—Rose, gold, Shadow Lawn green, Copenhagen, white, turquoise and tan,

Prices—$19.45 to $47.50

WOOL JERSEY DRESSES REDUCED

Smartly tailored one-piece models, with large collars and pockets, some with pleated skirts. Quite a number of braided models among them.

Values to $32.50 for $19.45
Values to $47.50 for $31.75 (Second Floor)

Capwells

Clay, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Sts., Oakland

Aviation School in University City

The government will establish a school of aeronautics in Berkeley in connection with the university. First Lieutenant Arnold N. Krogstand of San Diego has arrived and will assume the post of commandant.

Albany Insurance Rates High Enough

In their communication to the city board of trustees the fire underwriters endeavored to prove that insurance rates had not been increased in Albany since the installment of modern fire fighting equipment. The explanation that the rate has not been raised is not substantiated by some who have renewed their policies, and the city trustees will investigate.

Highest Stack in Central California

George M. Rolph, head of the big sugar refinery at Crockett, announced that the entire plant would be electrolized in the near future and that extensive improvements were now under way. A huge smokestack is also being constructed to a height of 225 feet. This stack will be 75 higher than the one at the Mountain Copper plant, which measures 150 feet and is considered the highest in central California.

El Cerrito Incorporation Matter Held Up

El Cerrito will not incorporate until after the board of supervisors make an inspection of the proposed boundaries of the town. The matter was laid over until June 18.

Roy Patterson Sang The New War Song

Far beyond the capacity of the house, crowds jammed their way into the Macdonald theater Saturday night at the grand opening and also Sunday night to hear Roy Patterson sing, "Here We Are All Americans."

The composer of this patriotic ballad, Mrs. Sadie Wilson Brown of Albany, was in the audience last night when Patterson sang it for the first time.

The audience was so enthusiastic in its applause that Mrs. Brown was overjoyed, as was Roy Patterson himself.—Richmond Independent.

Donates $1200 to Christian Church

Joseph R. Nicholl, retired rancher and capitalist, Wednesday presented to Rev. Thomas A. Boyer a check for $1200 to be applied in furnishing pews for the new Christian church recently completed.

Capable Young Man Deserving Of Good Clerical Position

A young man experienced in general clerical work, who understands bookkeeping, typing, and work in a general store etc., desires employment of evenings. This paper recommends him, as he has the best San Francisco and local references. Any one in need of competent help who wishes to secure this young man's services will please phone or call at The Terminal, and his address will be given. Terminal newspaper phone —132.

*

The following are the bank clearances for April of the principal California cities:

San Francisco......	$366,404,572
Los Angeles........	127,440,900
Oakland...........	20,549,595
Sacramento........	10,134,467
San Diego..........	9,209,499

Highway to Oakland Will Soon Be Completed

From the appearance of San Pablo avenue it will not be many weeks until the east half of the highway will be completed the entire distance from Oakland to the county line. This link will connect the state highway with Martinez and Richmond. It is estimated that travel will increase one-third when the roadway is finished, a continuous line of autos passing through Albany and Richmond to the Richmond-San Rafael ferry.

Senator Hiram Johnson Opposed to Asiatics

Senator Johnson from California declared himself not in favor of Asiatic labor in response to a telegram from Richmond Central Labor Council.

CITY BRIEFS

Get your hair cut while the cutting is "cheap".

* * *

The boy scouts are going to reduce the cost of garden truck in Richmond.

* * *

School supply contracts awarded by Berkeley board of education totaled $16,889.

* * *

The city council is negotiating with the various companies for fire fighting apparatus.

* * *

The bakers have not only raised the price per loaf, but have increased their own wages.

* * *

Richmond clerks want more for their services, and should have no argument in securing a living wage.

* * *

K. of P. 113 named A. T. Davis A. F. Browning and Fred Dunning as delegates to the Redding convention.

* * *

Miramer Chapter have engaged Hotel Oakland Jazz Orchestra to play for their dance tonight at East Shore park.

* * *

The manual training exhibit at Lincoln school auditorium attracted crowds of people Monday and Tuesday evenings.

* * *

Lincoln high seventh grade hold their picnic at East Shore this evening, when games of all kinds will be indulged in.

* * *

Messrs. Downer, Ballenger and Crary, Richmond bankers, attended the Oakland Liberty Loan meeting Tuesday at the custom house.

* * *

Richmond Pressed Brick works will install $25,000 in improvements, increasing the output of the plant to 40,000 brick per day.

* * *

The Santa Fe will enlarge and construct modern improvements at Ferry Point where the recent fire damaged the wharf and office.

* * *

Assistant Supt. W. H. McBride of the Hercules powder works, returned Monday from the east, where he visited numerous powder plants. Mrs. McBride and children, who accompanied him on the trip, will remain in the east for several weeks.—Pinole Times.

Martinez Lad Had Cold Bath in Bay

George McKenzie, 10-year-old son of Superior Judge and Mrs. A. B. McKenzie of Martinez, was saved from death by drowning in the bay Sunday afternoon by the timely rescue on the part of Deputy Sheriffs Dike Joslin, W. M. Veale, H. L. Brady, E. B. Taylor and Ed. Alexander. The boy was sinking for the third and last time when Joslin seized him by the hair and Taylor grabbed an arm, dragging the lad to safety.—Pinole Times.

Pulse Bros. will install a grocteria at the Point.

Burbank Pupils May Be Good Politicians

Berkeley Burbank school pupils visit that city's municipal council meetings under the direction of teachers to supplement their work in civic government which the pupils are now studying.

Blind Jim Has Jinx But Is Optimistic

Blind Jim of the county line is again at Fabiola hospital, and will undergo another operation, that of having his only leg amputated. Jim recently had blood poisoning, and it seems that the infection cannot be cured. Although there will be nothing left of Jim if the surgeons continue relieving him of limbs, he is an optimist, his cheerfulness being remarkable. When this operation is completed Jim will be minus an arm and two pedals, besides being stone blind.

William Rust, whose name became famous as the tounder of the town at the county line, was one of the petitioners against incorporation.

Bridal Customs
suggested by
Wedding Rings

The "Venus" Wedding Ring

The Myrtle Vine was sacred in ancient times to "Venus" the Goddess of Love and Beauty.

That is why this New Wedding Ring with the beautiful hand chased Myrtle Vine is so favored by the modern bride, as a record of the wedding ceremony.

Shown at our store with the Orange Blossom, Priscilla and others equally attractive.

A. F. EDWARDS
1222-29 Broadway, OALAND
(Established in 1879

British Expert Lauds Railroads of United States; Tells Congress That They Lead World

Washington, May 1.—That the United States is face to face with a serious crisis in its commercial affairs, due to the conditions by which its transportation system is confronted, was the opinion expressed by W. M. Acworth, England's leading authority on railways, before the Newlands joint committee on interstate commerce at a special session held here to enable the committee to hear his views before his departure for London this week. Two steps are necessary, according to Mr. Acworth, to avert this crisis and to solve the threatening railroad problem confronting the country.

The first is to allow the railroads to charge freight rates sufficient to meet the great advance in operating expenses which is taking place and to enable them to command the credit necessary to provide the extensions and improvements needed to meet the growing demands of business. The second is to do away with the multiple and conflicting systems of regulation that now hamper railway operation and to provide one centralized regulatory agency with such local subdivisions as may be necessary.

Higher Rates a Public Necessity.

Mr. Acworth's views on the transportation situation in the United States were expressed in answer to questions by members of the committee, who asked him to apply his knowledge of railway conditions throughout the world and of the experience of other countries with government ownership to the present problem before the United States.

"The fundamentaal factor in the situation is very simple," said Mr Acworth. "It lies in the fact that you cannot get three-quarters of a cent's worth of work done for less than three-quarters of a cent, no matter whether the agency performing it is a government or private enterprise. Freight rates must advance when the cost of performing the service advances as it is doing at present, just as the price of bread or meat or any other commodity increases with increased cost of production."

In answer to a question Mr. Acworth said that he thought American freight rates had been at much too low a level for several years past, that they had reached this low point during the period of cutthroat competition among the roads and had since been held there by regulating bodies. Unless relief were afforded to the carriers very promptly, he said, the result would be a tremendous loss to the people of the whole country through insufficiency of transportation facilities.

Weakness of Government Ownership.

On the subject of government ownership of railways Mr. Acworth said:

"It is impossible to obtain satisfactory results on government railways in a democratic state unless the management is cut loose from direct political control. Neither Australia nor any other country with a democratic constitution—perhaps an exception ought to be made of Switzerland—has succeeded in maintaining a permanent severance. In France, in Belgium, in Italy, parliamentary interference never has been abandoned for a moment. The facts show that government interference has meant running the railways not for the benefit of the people at large, but to satisfy local and sectional and even personal interests.

Prussia, Mr. Acworth said, was the best example of an efficient government railway system, and he pointed out that military considerations were treated as of paramount importance in the Prussian railway system. While American freight rates had been reduced nearly 40 per cent in thirty years, rates in Prussia were nearly as high as at the beginning of the period. While the charge for moving a ton of freight one mile in the United States was a trifle over three-quarters of a cent, the rate in Prussia was 1.41 cents.

As illustrating the difference in rates between government and private roads Mr. Acworth compared the railways of New South Wales, Australia, with those of Texas. While the amount of traffic to each mile of line was about the same in both cases, he pointed out, the Texas railways performed for the public four times as much service as the government owned roads of New South Wales. The charge in Texas for hauling a ton of freight one mile was less than 1 cent, while in the Australian state it was well over 2 cents.

"American railways lead the world," said Mr. Acworth. "Nowadays when men in any other part of the world want to know how to run a railway they come to the United States and study your railways here. The American railways are entirely the result of private enterprise, and I think they go a long way toward proving the case against government ownership."

A Big Program.

The recently organized Carlisle (Pa.) chamber of commerce has been carrying forward its work in a very practical manner. For 1917-8 the chamber has prepared a program of work which it expects to undertake which covers completely every branch of activities in which a commercial organization in that particular community can engage. The program is along departmental lines and provides for definite things to be undertaken in each department. The members of the chamber are now at work getting action on the program they have outlined.

An Exercise For Typists.

Is it of any value to know how to say the alphabet backward? A correspondent says: "I think this is new, as I am the inventor, and it is of some use in exercising on the typewriter if for nothing else. The twenty-six letters of the alphabet are used as initials of words divided into five groups of four initials and one group of six. The groups are connected as follows:

Zebras Yoked, Xylophones Whacked,
Voices United To Sing.
Read Quick, Pass On!
Nature May Lack Kindness:
Juices Inside Hanging Grapes—
Friends, Enemies, Dogs, Cats, Bats, Ants.

—New York Sun.

ZEROLENE
The Standard Oil for Motor Cars

ASPHALT BASE—THE CHOICE OF EXPERTS

Factory experts, and leading coast distributors for all makes of cars, testify that Zerolene, correctly refined from California asphalt-base crude, gives perfect lubrication with least carbon deposit.

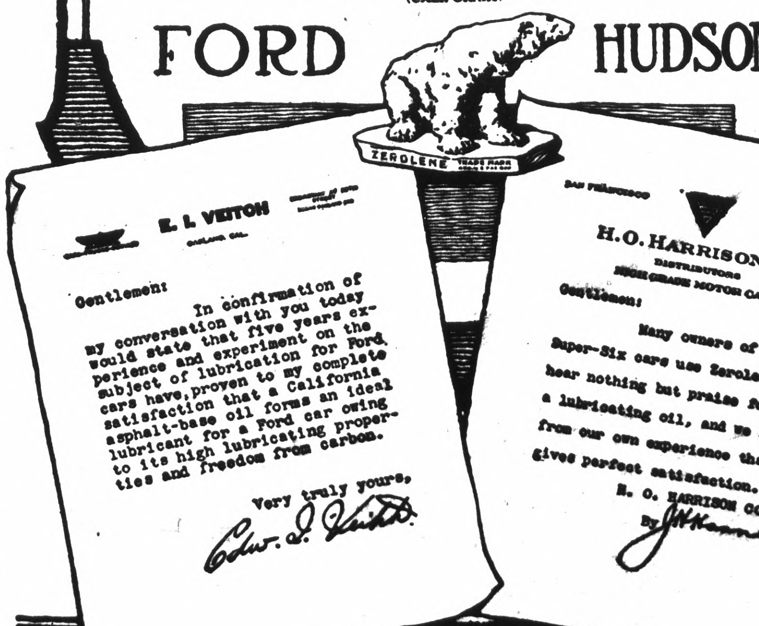
Less wear and more power because Zerolene keeps its lubricating body at cylinder heat. Less carbon because, being made from asphalt-base crude, it burns clean and goes out on exhaust.

Zerolene is the oil for *your* car—whatever the make—the oil for all types of automobile engines. For correct grade get our lubrication chart covering your car

At dealers everywhere and Standard Service Stations

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(CALIFORNIA)

FORD HUDSON



Weekly Summary of World's News

Condensed California News

Richmond—Seven laundries of this city announced an increase in prices, which become effective May 21.

Sacramento—Governor Stephens last Friday signed a measure by Senator Benson, requiring the appointment of county horticultural commissioners in all counties by Boards of Supervisors.

San Francisco—Six men have been dismissed from the reserve officers' training camp at the Presidio for physical defects, and two others have been dishonorably discharged for drunkenness.

Santa Clara—So as to enable large extension to be made, Rosenberg Bros. & Co., fruit packers, have made a proposition to the Town Trustees to buy the property on which the packing-house now stands. The land is at present under lease.

Stockton—While wrestling with his wife over the possession of a span of horses, R. D. Tull, a pioneer Linden farmer, dropped dead last Friday. Officers who hurried to the Tull farm, placed the wife, Mrs. Matilda Tull, under arrest.

Long Beach—C. H. Haskins of Los Angeles was elected Department Commander May 17 at the fiftieth annual encampment here of the Department of California and Nevada Grand Army of the Republic. He defeated Russell C. Martin, also of Los Angeles.

Santa Rosa—All over this county and this part of the State big acreage of beans, corn, tomatoes and potatoes are being planted. It is no uncommon sight to see tomatoes planted in the rows between hop vines and in the vineyards, alternating with beans and other produce.

Sacramento—Male high school students residing in rural districts will be encouraged to do their bit to aid food production this summer and fall. The State Board of Education, in session here, determined that the high school students should do their part in the harvesting of the 1917 crop.

Woodland—Captain H. Weber, soldier of fortune, journalist, globe trotter and adventurer, was arrested at Winters Thursday, May 17, by Constable Wolfskill on suspicion of being a German spy. Weber is being detained at the County Jail pending an investigation.

Nevada City—Albert Taylor, 25 years of age and for two years a student at the University of Kansas, has been sentenced to four years in Folsom Prison, in the Superior Court here, for passing worthless checks. Taylor was paroled from the convict camp, where he was serving a sentence for a similar offense last December.

Stockton—Higher than any week in the last five, Stockton bank clearings registered a total of $1,700,241 for the week ending May 17. This is a gain of $528,999 over the corresponding week of last year, which was $1,171,242. The percentage of increase is 45.1. During the week ending May 20, 1915, clearings were $818,431.

Grass Valley—The military spirit is rife at the high school here. Both the boys and girls have formed military companies and are drilling daily. The girls' company numbers fifty-five members, and a graduate of a military school has been engaged as instructor. The boys have selected one of their number as captain and instructor.

San Francisco—Orders from Washington last Thursday restored Captain Harry S. Howland, for a number of years stationed in this city and now on a visit here, to the active service. Captain Howland was retired some time ago as the result of a disability received in the line of duty. He has been ordered for duty in the Southeastern Department.

Sacramento—The State Board of Education reorganized here, appointing new committees. E. P. Clark of Riverside was re-elected president of the Board, and Mrs. O. Shepard Barnum of Alhambra was chosen vice-president. The Board determined to conduct an investigation during the next two years to determine how the cost of conducting California schools can be reduced.

Santa Barbara—Santa Barbara will provide six field motor ambulances for use in France and they will be operated by local drivers. At a benefit performance last Sunday $1,600 was realized and subscriptions have since brought the total to $9,600, enough to buy six cars. Subscriptions have been closed with that amount. Eight young men have volunteered to go to France and operate the cars.

Redding—One million trout to stock the streams of Northern Californiaa are requested of the State Fish and Game Commission in a letter forwarded that body by the Northern California Counties Association. This request was sent following an inquiry by the Commission as to the number needed. Siskiyou county leads in her demands, asking for 168 cans; Shasta is next with 83, Lassen 75 and Modoc 46. The forest service will take care of the streams in Trinity county.

Visalia—Harvey Frietag, a German-American, was sentenced to one year in the County Jail here for desecrating the flag. Frietag tore down and trampled on a flag several weeks ago. He declared he "did it for fun."

San Jose—Fire late last Friday destroyed the packing-house of the A. C. Ham Company, entailing a loss estimated at $60,000. The building was owned by George Coykendahl, president of the Prune Growers' Association.

San Francisco—Alfred Geldt, a stevedore, was crushed to death at the Union Iron Works last Thursday afternoon when a traveling crane swept him against a pile of lumber. Geldt is survived by a widow and four children. He was 44 years old.

Merced—The seventh annual convocation of the Episcopal diocese of the San Joaquin closed its sessions May 17 with a special missionary service. A feature of the afternoon's session was the conference of the woman's auxiliary to the Board of Missions.

Visalia—Offers which have been received by the management of the Tulare County Canning Peach Growers' Association for 2,500 tons of canning fruit have all been rejected as too low, and no contracts for the delivery of the association output will be signed at this time.

San Francisco—On his way home to Japan for leave, R. Hataa, Japanese Minister to Brazil, arrived here Thursday morning, May 17, and remained in the city two days as the guest of the local Japanese colony. He was met at the dock by Consul-General Hanihara and taken to the Japanese Consulate, accompanied by his wife.

Vallejo—Included in the list of the members of the crew of the steamer Hilonian who were lost when the ship was sunk by a diver off Genoa, Itaaly, last week was Patrick S. Mahoney, brother of Robert E., John W. and Henry Mahoney of this city. The lost mariner was well known here and had visited his brothers on numerous occasions.

San Francisco—Rev. Father Joseph P. McQuaide, chaplain of the Coast Artillery Corps, will be stationed at the Presidio during its mobilization. Father McQuaide will be at the chapel forenoons and at the Letterman Hospital afternoons. He will hold services at the post chapel every Sunday morning from 9 o'clock to 10 o'clock.

San Francisco—Passports were issued Thursday by Deputy U. S. Clerk Carl Calbreath to twenty-one students of Stanford University who go to France to join the American Ambulance Corps. This is the third unit from the University departing for France to do ambulance work. Two other contingents are to soon sail for France.

San Quentin—George W. Garbrick, convicted and sentenced for robbery in Los Angeles, has again escaped from the penitentiary. Facing a vision of a return to the San Quentin prison he had learned to dislike, he said good-bye to Guard Harry Slayback, jumped through the window of a moving train at Morgan, Utah, and escaped. Slayback was bringing Garbrick to San Quentin from Milwaukee, where he was arrested three years after he and George Tinnon, another prisoner, escaped from a road gang near Schuetzen Park.

San Francisco—The San Francisco medical profession is responding to the Navy's call for doctors. Fourteen local physicians have taken examinations for service in the regular Navy, and more than twenty others have enrolled in the reserve to take the next examination. The doctors who have been examined are: T. B. Dunn, H. G. Linde, J. C. Ruddock, E. P. Davis, Paul Cook, L. Geradine, F. H. Rodenbaugh, R. C. Christiansen, A. E. Schmidt, J. R. Rueling, L. M. Morris, H. Sea -es, D. Corey and M. J. Price.

Richmond—A shipbuilding plant is to be built on the Richmond water front at the north end of the inner harbor by a corporation known as the Federal Shipbuilding Corporation, recently organized, according to H. W. Wernse, a real estate man of Richmond. It is stated that the company is incorporated for $5,000,000. The directors include William C. Ralston, Mayor E. J. Garrard, P. A. Haviland, E. M. Downer, John H. Nicholl, Frank H. Norcroft, H. C. Cutting and Attorney W. H. H. Hart.

San Rafael—Mount Tamalpais Military Academy diplomas were awarded to twelve graduates at the commencement exercises held in the Presbyterian church here Friday morning, May 18. They were distributed by Major Newell M. Vanderbilt, head of the faculty, and Rev. Frederick W. Clampett, rector of Trinity Episcopal Church, San Francisco, declivered the baccalaureate address. The graduates are: David W. Beattle, Claire V. Callender, Richard B. Carr, Thomas G. Franck, Joseph B. Harvey, Merlin C. Hooper, Kenneth R. McQuarrie, Clarke D. Porter, Albert R. Smith, Frederick C. Taylor, Gerald Herring and Earl H. Sawyer.

HOOVER TO DIRECT CONTROL OF FOOD

Wilson Explains That Powers He Asks Are No Greater Than Those Given by Warring Nations

Washington.—President Wilson, in a statement last Saturday night outlining the Administration's food control policy, announced he had asked Herbert C. Hoover to become American food administrator and that Hoover would accept the place.

WILSON URGES IMPORTANCE OF FOOD CONTROL BY NATION

The text of Wilson's statement on the food situation follows:

It is very desirable in order to prevent misunderstandings or alarms and to assure co-operation in a vital manner that the country should understand exactly the scope and purpose of the very great powers which I have thought it necessary in the circumstances to ask Congress to put in my hands with regard to our food supplies.

Those powers are very great, indeed! but they are no greater than it has proved necessary to lodge in the other governments which are conducting this momentous war, and their object is stimulation and conservation, not arbitrary restraint or injurious interference with the normal processes of production. They are intended to benefit and assist the farmer and all those who play a legitimate part in the preparation, distribution and marketing of foodstuffs.

It is proposed to draw a sharp line of distinction between the normal activities of the government represented in the Department of Agriculture in reference to food production, conservation and marketing on the one hand and the emergency activities necessitated by the war in reference to the regulation of food distribution and consumption on the other. All measures intended directly to extend the normal activities of the Department of Agriculture in reference to the production, conservation and the marketing of farm crops will be administered, as in normal times, through that department, and the powers asked for over distribution and consumption over exports, imports, prices, purchase and requisition of commodities, storing and the like, which may require regulation during the war will be placed in the hands of a commissioner of food administration appointed by the President and directly responsible to him.

The objects sought to be served by the legislation asked for are: Full inquiry into the existing available stocks of foodstuffs and into costs and practices of the various food producing and distributing trades; the prevention of all unwarranted hoarding of every kind and of the control of foodstuffs by persons who are not in any legitimate sense producers, dealers or traders; the requisitioning, when necessary for the public use, of food supplies and of the equipment necessary for handling them properly; the licensing of wholesome and legitimate mixtures and milling percentages, and the prohibition of the unnecessary or wasteful use of foods. Authority is asked also to establish prices—but not in order to limit the profits of the farmers, but only to guarantee to them when necessary a minimum price which will insure them a profit where they are asked to attempt new crops, and to secure the consumer against extortion by breaking up corners and attempts at speculation when they occur by fixing temporarily a reasonable price at which middlemen must sell.

I have asked Herbert Hoover to undertake this all-important task of food administration. He has expressed his willingness to do so on condition that he is to receive no payment for his services, and that the whole of the force under him, exclusive of clerical assistance, shall be employed so far as possible upon the same volunteer basis. He has expressed his confidence that this difficult matter of food administration can be successfully accomplished through the voluntary co-operation and direction of legitimate distributors of foodstuffs and with the help of the women of the country.

Although it is absolutely necessary that unquestionable powers shall be placed in my hands in order to insure the success of this administration of the food supplies of the country, I am confident that the exercise of those powers will be necessary only in the few cases where some small and selfish minority proves unwilling to put the nation's interests above personal advantage, and that the whole country will heartily support Hoover's efforts by supplying the necessary volunteer agencies throughout the country for the intelligent control of food consumption and securing the co-operation of the most capable leaders of the very interests most directly affected that the exercise of the powers deputed to him will rest very successfully upon the good will and co-operation of the people themselves, and that the ordinary economic machinery of the country will be left substantially undisturbed.

The proposed food administration is intended, of course, only to meet a manifest emergency and to continue only while the war lasts. Since it will be composed for the most part of volunteers, there need be no fear of the possibility of a permanent bureaucracy arising out of it. All control of consumption will disappear when the emergency has passed. It is with that object in view that the administration considers it to be of pre-eminent importance that the existing associations of producers and distributers of foodstuffs should be mobilized and made use of on a volunteer basis. The successful conduct of the projected food administration by such means will be the finest possible demonstration of the willingness, the ability and the efficiency of democracy and of its justified reluctance of placing limitations upon the freedom of individual initiative. The last thing that any American could contemplate with equanimity would be the introduction of anything resembling Prussian autocracy into the food control in this country.

It is of vital interest and importance to every man who produces food and to every man who takes part in its distribution that these policies thus liberally administered should succeed and succeed together. It is only in that way that we can prove it to be absolutely unnecessary to resort to the rigorous and drastic measures which have proved to be necessary in some of the European countries.

HAVEN OF MAIMED

Palace of Bourbon Kings of Naples Is Put to Use.

There Mutilated Soldiers of Italy Are Housed and Taught Some Means of Self-Support.

The war has turned the palace of the Bourbon kings of Naples into a home for mutilated soldiers. Around the exquisite marble table where the guests of the "Roi Soleil" of Naples dined in the garden on hot summer nights—the ladies in powdered head dress and panier skirts, the men with lace at their sleeves and embroidered coats—today are gathered the pitiable fragments of humanity that war has left in its wake. There are neither candles nor massive silver, neither sweetmeats nor rare wines. The Italian government allows 70 cents per day for their lodging and maintenance, and food is high in Naples.

The marble table on warm days in the gardens is the recreation center of the mutilated, in their worn and faded uniforms. Before each is an oblong cardboard placard, some of whose spaces are numbered. One of the men (he must be one of those who have lost a leg, for the one-armed cannot do the trick) shakes a basket-bottle and turns out a numbered counter. In the sing-song Neapolitan dialect, he cries the number. The one whose placard bears it, covers the space with a bit of glass. Whoever covers all his spaces first wins a cent from each of the others.

Those who have no hands at all have grown wondrously skillful at flipping their bits of glass onto the placard by means of a bent pin stuck in the empty sleeve.

This is recreation. There are also hours of work. Once sumptuous chambers of the royal palace have been turned into schoolrooms, in the month that the hospital has been running. In one, those who wish are taught tailoring, in another shoemaking—the legless naturally, for one must have two hands to make shoes and clothes. Those who have lost an arm are taught telegraphy or typewriting. But many of the latter must begin farther back than that, and learn to read and write first. For reading and writing in southern Italy are not common accomplishments, so there is a schoolroom—a primary schoolroom, where the alphabet and multiplication table figures on the blackboard in front of these grown children who have known only to give an arm or a leg to their country. And an arm or a leg to these simple peasants is livelihood—their own and their families.

Which is why some do not study. They are suspicious. Mutilated, they are entitled to a government pension, and they are afraid that when they have learned a new trade by which they can live, the government will say: "You no longer need help—make your own living." So they sit all day in the sunlit, royal garden, with its faience flowerpots marked with fleur de lys, and watch the changing lights on the bay of Naples, and think of what life used to hold for them before the war came to change it utterly.

Popular Superstitions.

The loss of an engagement ring is considered by many to be the climax of ill luck and equivalent to a supernatural sign forbidding the girl to marry the man who gave the ring.

It is commonly considered unlucky for a girl to marry a man whose surname begins with the same letter as her own. The old couplet says: "Change the name but not the letter, marry for worse and not for better."

The superstitious girl does not watch her sweetheart out of sight, as this portends that the meeting will be the last one.

If a girl has several admirers and wishes to know which she loves the best she plucks a rose and names each petal after an admirer. Then the petals are thrown into a stream, and the one which disappears last is the favored suitor.

Monarchies and Nobility.

Monarchy is unfavorable to the growth of an hereditary nobility. A king's policy must be to weaken the nobles lest some day they should become his rivals. In the reign of the English king, Henry III, Simon de Montfort and other militant noblemen fought the monarch and, on one occasion, took him prisoner. Even an absolute monarchy, while it gives the "nobles" political status, denudes them of political power.

It's an Ill Wind, Etc.

"Turned you down, did you say? Well, old chap, it's better to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all."

"Yes, better, indeed," replied the rejected one. "Better for the post office authorities, the florists, the messenger boy, the confectioner, a dozen waiters, twice as many taxi drivers, the jeweler and half the theaters in town!"—New York Times.

Just Happened So.

"Mrs. Glithers used to be a soulful reature."

"Still, she had common sense enough to marry a good provider."

"Well, yes. The match turned out all right, but I wouldn't give her too much credit for that. She never would have fallen in love with Glithers if he hadn't been a star football player."

MARINES ATTACHED TO FIRST WAR ARMY

Fighting Troopers of the Sea Will Help Regulars Hold Boches in Check

Washington.—All three arms of America's fighting forces, the army, navy and marine corps, soon will be represented in the war zones.

With American destroyers already in European waters and army regulars concentrating to carry the flag to the battle lines in Belgium and France, a regiment of marines was designated last Saturday to join the expeditionary force and round out the nation's representation in the field.

The marines will be attached to the army division under General Pershing, which is under orders to proceed abroad as soon as practicable.

An army division at war strength comprises about 25,000 men, and upward of 12,000 are expected to be in the nine volunteer regiments of engineers now being recruited. The forestry regiment and the marine regiment each will number more than 1000. The strength of the naval force in European waters has not been revealed.

General Pershing and his staff will sail for Europe ahead of the troops to pave the way for final training of the huge army the United States is preparing to pour across the seas as rapidly as men can be trained and equipped.

For obvious reasons, no information as to the time of the American commander's departure or his destination will be public.

When General Pershing leaves, every detail of the organization and equipment of his troops will have been worked out. Presumably he will have wide discretionary powers to co-operate with commanders of the French, British and Belgian forces.

While attention here was centered on these immediate matters today, the whole strength of the Federal and state organizations was being prepared to complete a military census on June 5 of the 10,000,000 men from whom will be selected 500,000 for the war army.

In all parts of the country state officials redoubled their efforts to recruiting the National Guard to war strength. The War Department unfolded new elements of its plans for the guard, disclosing the departments in which each division will be trained.

A similar table of geographical distribution of divisions for the new selective army was given out. It follows closely the lines of the National Guard divisions. For purposes of distinction, the War Department has named the new forces the "National Army."

FARMERS SHOULD OFFER BETTER PAY FOR HELP

Sacramento.—Farmers in California who have reported a shortage of farm labor have not sought co-operation of the federal, state or municipal free employment bureaus, but have patronized private bureaus, where workers are forced to pay from $1 to $6 for farm jobs, according to C. B. Sexton, superintendent of the state employment bureau system, in a report on farm labor conditions submitted May 18 to Governor Stephens and the State Council of Defense, through John P. McLaughlin, commissioner of the state bureau of labor statistics.

In his report Sexton also attributes the inability of farmers to secure farm labor to the fact that railroads, construction projects and lumber companies, who constantly compete with the farmer for labor, provide sanitary living conditions for workers, while men working on farms frequently are compelled to sleep in haystacks.

Sexton questions the seriousness of any farm labor shortage in California and says if living conditions are changed and if farm workers are not compelled to patronize private employment bureaus there will be enough men to harvest forthcoming crops. Wage conditions similar to those obtaining in other lines of industry also must be met, he declares.

U. S. TO BUY 250,000 HORSES AND MULES

Washington.—The Government is in the market for 250,000 horses and mules for army use, which probably will cost $100,000,000. They will be used in addition to 40,000 motor trucks and automobiles. Boards of officers have been ordered to start on the animal purchases not later than June 1 at Fort Royal, Va.; Kansas City, Mo.; Fort Reno, Okla., and Fort Keogh, Mont.

The Boy Scout Section

U. S. BOY SCOUTS BEHIND THE LINES

(From Boy's Life.)

If Uncle Sam should call for a million boy soldiers he would have them within a week. American boys are loyal, patriotic, courageous. The thought of fatigue, cold, hunger, even death, does not scare them.

But Uncle Sam does not want boy soldiers. Military work is a man's work. There is no reason why the nation should ask its boys to become soldiers. They are needed for boys' work.

Even in war the soldiers are only a small part of the organization which a nation needs for defense. If every man in Great Britain had enlisted and had been accepted at the beginning of the European war Great Britain would have lost the fight. As it was, she enlisted too many men at the beginning.

Some of the men behind the guns had no guns to get behind because the gun makers were also in the army. Some of them could not fire a shot because they had no shot to fire; the ammunition makers had enlisted. Some of the foot soldiers became barefoot soldiers because the shoemakers were making marches instead of shoes.

Great Britain found that she needed eight men behind the firing line to keep one man on the line. So she told the tailors to keep on tailoring and the conductors to keep on conducting and everybody to keep on doing the job that he could do best.

Scouts Volunteer.

The Boy Scouts did a sensible and patriotic thing when Congress declared a state of war. They marched up to the City Halls and government offices all over the land and said: "Here we are, all trained and equipped to serve as messengers, guides, doers of good turns. Use us here at home." Their services were promptly accepted, with thanks, and they have been on the job ever since.

There is a difference between a Boy Scout and other boys. Some boys teach themselves that they can be happy only when they have feather beds and bags of candy and cigarettes and someone to chaffeur them and somebody to cook their grub and wash their dishes. If they had to walk twenty miles in a day, or cook a meal for themselves or patch their pants, or scare up pants to put their patches on, they would simply lie down and die. If they didn't think of it, someone would suggest, it for they would be in the way.

Some Things They Can Do.

But Scouts are trained to take care of themselves and to be cheerful and helpful while doing it. If the time should come when there were not enough policemen and national guardsmen to watch the reservoirs and telegraph lines and railroads, the Scouts could help. They could set up their camps, patrol the guarded district, make maps, signal information. They would help the fire department by securing the removal of dangerous rubbish heaps. They would assist the health department by hunting down the open garbage cans and the back-yard dumps. It is as great a service to save a city from being devastated by fire and disease as it is to save it from being pillaged by an enemy. They will co-operate with the Red Cross Society, too, and with local organizations for home protection. And they will make gardens to increase the food supply.

It's Team Work That Counts.

Every boy, whether he is a Scout or not, can help his country. He can fly Old Glory at his home and wear a flag pin on his coat. He can encourage the neighbors to show their patriotism in the same way. He can help to make those happy who are left at home when the soldiers go to the front.

It ain't the guns or armament nor
the funds that they can pay,
But the close co-operation that
makes them win the day.
It ain't the individual, nor the army
as a whole,
But the everlastin' team work of
every bloomin' soul.
—Rudyard Kipling.

MORE THAN A QUARTER MILLION BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA

The big difference between a live thing and a dead one, is growth. A dead tree has just as much wood in it as a living one of the same size, but next year the live one will have more branches and the dead one more worm holes.

Organizations are like trees. They either grow or rot. "By their fruit you shall know them."

The Boy Scout Movement grows as fast as the boys who are in it and that is growing some. In 1915 there were 129,132 Scouts and Scout Officials; in 1916 the number had grown to 177,830; now the number exceeds 250,000.

If a monster parade should pass along a line of march reaching from Philadelphia to New York, and all the Scouts in the country were there, they could line both sides of the entire route with their staffs and cover thirty-four miles of streets in the two cities.

In case the Scouts were placed as lookouts along our shores, there would be enough for thirty-eight Scouts to every mile all along the Atlantic, the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific coasts, including Alaska. With a Scout every quarter of a mile messages could be relayed easily. But in a pinch all the men and boys who have had scout training but who are not now registered would assist. Then there would be one Scout every fifty-five feet.

GIRL SCOUTS ARE SUMMONED TO RED CROSS

Des Moines, Ia.—A call designed to enlist in the Red Cross every member of the Girl Scouts of America was issued here May 19 with David Starr Jordan, national president of the organization, and United States Senator Albert B. Cummins, chairman of the advisory board, as two of its signers. The communication was made public by Miss Edith A. Bennett, secretary to Chief Scout Clara A. Lisetor-Lane, who is now at Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Miss Bennett announced that the call will affect several thousand girls throughout the country. It is especially urged that the members perfect themselves in the work of first aid and elementary nursing. The letter suggests contributions toward a general fund from each scout, to be offered to the Red Cross, and that the various troops compete in raising the money.

BOY SCOUTS TO PLAY BIG ROLE DURING WAR

San Francisco.—Boys at the Ethan Allen School were addressed recently by Raymond O. Hanson, scout executive of the Boy Scouts of America, upon the part which the Boy Scouts are expected to play during the present war.

He said:

"Boy Scouts will not engage in military operations, but will have a part in the war just as effective by giving first aid to the injured and assisting the Government as messengers and by making it possible for older men to go to the firing lines."

Hanson urged upon the boys the expediency of planting and tending vegetables so that they may make good on the Boy Scout war slogan, "Every Scout to Feed a Soldier."

S. F. YOUTH MEETS DEATH AT FRENCH FRONT

San Rafael.—John Walker, brother of Alexander Walker, an employe of A. W. Foster, was recently killed in action on the French front, according to a wireless received here. Walker was employed in San Francisco when the war started. As soon as the call for volunteers came in Canada the lad hastened to Vancouver and joined an infantry regiment. He was with the Canadians at the battle of Vimy ridge and was killed five days later during a German counter attack.

U. P. WILL KEEP ITS SOLDIERS ON SALARY

Chicago.—The Union Pacific Railroad has joined the ranks of employers who will pay full salaries to their employes who attend the various military camps.

U. C. GRADUATES JOIN AMBULANCE IN PARIS

Berkeley.—Harry Dunn of Santa Barbara, a graduate of the University of California and for the last year a member of the staff of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, and Paul Cadman of Alameda, Dunn's classmate, have arrived in Paris to join the American ambulance corps, according to word received by the university officials.

MARIN COUNTY WOMEN TO EQUIP AMBULANCE

San Rafael.—Marin county society women have completed arrangements to send a completely equipped ambulance to the American ambulance corps on the French front. The necessary money has been subscribed by women throughout the county.

Wit, Humor and Miscellany Items

makes sick skins well

SAN FRANCISCO HOTELS

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

Lankershim Hotel

55 FIFTH STREET OPPOSITE U. S. MINT

New Fireproof Hotel 350 Rooms
Every Modern Up-to-Date Convenience
Large Ground Floor Lobby

RATES EUROPEAN PLAN

Single rooms 75c per day, 1 person without bath
Double rooms $1.00 per day, 2 " " "
Single rooms $1.50 per day, 1 " with bath
Double rooms $2.00 per day, 2 " " "

We are now making special rates to permanent guests, weekly and monthly.

You don't need a map to find the Lankershim Hotel. It is in the very center of San Francisco. Take the Universal Bus to the Hotel at our expense. F. KLEIN, Manager.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for

Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HER BELIEF

"And you really believe that Helen's marriage was an affair of the heart?"

"Of course I do. She was led to believe that the rich old duffer she married had a weak heart."

After the Movies Murine Is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes — Sore Eyes — Granulated Eyelids. Rests — Refreshes — Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

Submarine Saver Is Built.

An ingenious craft for the salvage of submarines has just been launched at Zaandam, the Netherlands, to the order of the Spanish government. It is a double-screw steamship made up of two separate vessels six meters deep and six meters broad, the fore and aft decks of which are bound together with an intervening space of eight meters, thus giving the entire structure a breadth of 20 meters. The open space is spanned by hoisting apparatus powerful enough to haul the sunken submarines between the two halves of the ship. The electricity-driven windlasses have a total lifting capacity of 650 tons, with a test load of 1,000 tons. On board the ship are four workshops for the repair of the salved underwater craft, together with a hold for the storage of torpedo heads, which can in case of fire be immediately submerged. The vessel is 92½ meters long.

Efficient Service

Must be rendered by the stomach, liver and bowels in order to maintain the highest possible standard of health.
When help is needed—

TRY

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. ROBT. STOPIEL, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH!

"Dodson's Liver Tone" better than calomel and can not salivate.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into sour bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for 50 cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not salivate.

Don't take calomel. It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tone straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

Waiter Couldn't See the Joke.

Dipping the other day into Mrs. Stuart Menzies' biography of Lord William Beresford, there is the following good story:

"It was at the Raleigh club" (writes Mrs. Menzies) "that Lord William and one of his brothers, Lord Marcus, I believe, for some reason, or perhaps for no reason, put the hall porter into the refrigerator.

"The heat of the man's body, or his language, caused the ice to melt, so one of them drew from the tap some water into a tumbler and sent it with his compliments to a friend in the smoking room, describing it as Garcon Glace (literally 'iced waiter').

"The porter was left in a little too long, and there was some trouble afterward. This became known as the Garcon Glace incident.

"Everybody thought it funny except the waiter, and he had to be pacified."

DON'T GET RUN DOWN,

Weak and miserable. If you have Kidney or Bladder trouble, Headache, Backache, Dizziness, Nervousness, and feel tired all over, get a package of MOTHER GRAY'S AROMATIC LEAF. It never fails. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail for 50c. Sample sent FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. —Adv.

WRONE CONTRACT FOR COOK

Shyster Lawyer's Plan to Retain Help All Right Until Marie Heard About It.

The wife of the shyster lawyer was worried.

"Darling," she said, "we simply cannot keep a cook. We've had three this week and a new one is coming tonight."

"Ah," said the shyster and ambulance-chaser, "you are lax in your methods. Each cook should sign a contract, and, once signed—ahem! They cannot leave! Now, I'll write out a tractcon—I mean a contract, and have the new cook sign it. And there you are!"

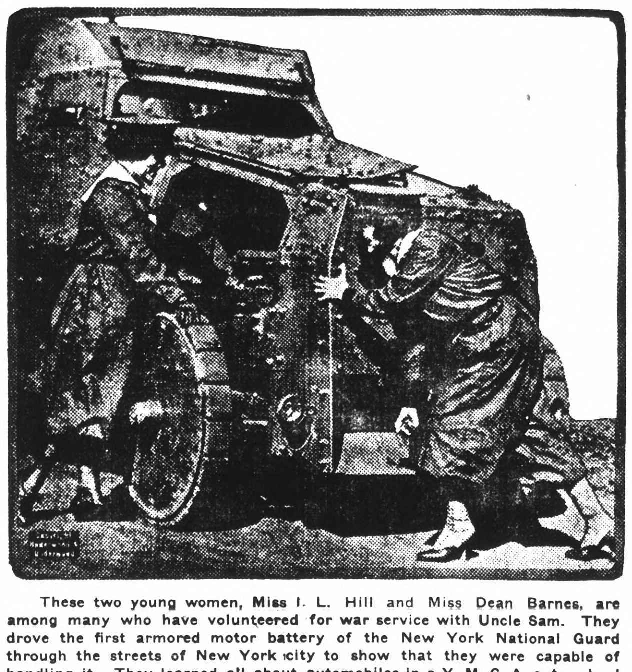
On the stroke of 6:30 Marie Antoinette McCarthy, the new German cook, weighing 238 pounds, arrived. The shyster lawyer approached her carefully with a baseball bat.

"I have a contract for you to sign before you go to work. I'll read it:

"'The party of the first part, Marie A. McCarthy does hereby agree to cook, wash, iron, mend clothes, do dishes, sweeping and dusting for the party of the second part for one year from date. And the party of the first part agrees in part with the party of the second part to take part in any extra dinners planned by the party of the second part. And whereas the party of the first part thusly—'"

Here the shyster was struck on the head by a milk bottle and thrown down the cellar stairs.

WOMEN MAN ARMORED MOTOR BATTERY



These two young women, Miss I. L. Hill and Miss Dean Barnes, are among many who have volunteered for war service with Uncle Sam. They drove the first armored motor battery of the New York National Guard through the streets of New York city to show that they were capable of handling it. They learned all about automobiles in a Y. M. C. A. auto school and handled the battery like veterans. They have declared their willingness to drive it for Uncle Sam if they are needed.

Facts in Figures.

Siam has 1,300 bank depositors.

United States last year produced 1,884,044 tons of glass sand.

California state labor bureau last year supplied 49,993 applicants with jobs.

United States spends $1,000,000,000 a year to educate 23,500,000 public school pupils.

There were 9,850 murders and deaths by violence in the United States in 1916.

Philadelphia last year spent $49,896,570 on new buildings, mostly small dwellings.

There are 263,315 girl stenographers and typewriters employed in the United States.

SOME SMILES

Equal to the Occasion.

"Why do you turn around and look after every woman we pass?" asked the angry wife.

"Oh, dear," replied the husband, "I'm just looking to see if their husbands made as thorough work of hooking 'em up the back as I did with you."

At the Wedding.

"Doesn't the bride look beautiful?"
"Indeed, she does."
"That dress is a peach."
"Must have cost a lot."
"And those flowers."
"Aren't they perfectly lovely?"
"But where's the groom?"
"See something near the post up here?"
"Oh, is that it?"

Valuable Wares.

"Aren't you afraid to display diamonds in your window like this?"

"Why should I be? I'm conservative as compared with the grocer. He displays potatoes outside."

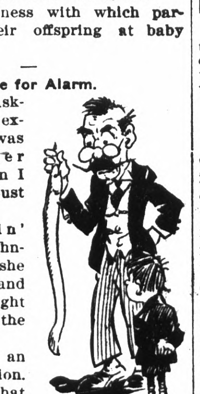
Important.

"The doctor says it will take a long time to get you on your feet again."
"So I believe."
"You must trust the doctor."
"But, if it's going to take a long time, will he trust me?"

Great Expectations.

"Love is blind, all right."
"What prompts that reflection?"
"The hopefulness with which parents enter their offspring at baby shows."

Cause for Alarm.



"Johnnie," asked his father, excitedly, "why was your mother screaming when I came in just now?"

"Oh, nothin' much," said Johnnie. "Guess she saw what me and Tommie caught down to the crick."

Father made an investigation. "Looks like that had a good eel to do with it," he said, with a sigh of relief.

Quite a Feat.

"A congressman has great powers. They used to say that you can't recapture the spoken word."

"Well?"

"Yet a congressman is allowed to withdraw his remarks."

YOUR HEALTH AND THE WAR

By DR. SAMUEL G. DIXON, Commissioner of Health of Pennsylvania.

Since we are at war, let us have the lesson of the tremendous bearing of health problems on our armies in camp and our citizens at home well learned, so that we may not have to learn it by bitter and calamitous experience. It would seem to be a late date to point out the almost self-evident fact that sickness will decrease the national efficiency by just so much, whether it be among soldiers or noncombatants, but the general public does not give enough attention to this aspect of war's demands, the accent being placed on more spectacular elements of preparedness.

Each individual must consider himself a unit of our great population to be kept able to meet whatever comes along. If there was ever a time when the individual had the duty of taking thought of how he could keep in good health, it is now.

One of the first elements of the health of a nation at war—or at peace, for that matter—is its food. It cannot be healthy and strong without good food, and plenty of it. Therefore agriculture and gardening must be intelligently and intensively stimulated, so that larger crops shall be brought forth.

The housewife's task will be to economize the food supply and cook it with skill, so as to make her meals tasty and digestible.

The streams from which our domestic water supply comes should be carefully guarded against pollution, so that communities shall not run the risk of being infected with some deadly disease.

Vaccination against typhoid is a valuable step in preparedness under conditions as they are at present.

The time has come to consider these matters in a spirit of patriotism. It is the duty of every citizen to attain physical fitness, and of the people as a whole, to take measures for the increased production of food materials.

Wanton destruction of food is an injury to our country just as positively as destruction of munitions or arms, for in the last analysis a nation that is well fed is the nation that will prevail. These are matters already claiming the attention of the federal government.

Hand to hand with the mobilization of factories and munitions must go the mobilization of agricultural products, the planting of as many acres of land as possible with grain and vegetables, and the distribution of the crops in the most economical way.

AMERICA FIRST

There are places I know where I'd love to go,
There are things that I long to do.
There are times when my heart, with a longing to start,
Will ache, but I fight it through.
On the distant shores, where the cannon roars,
Perchance I may long to be,
But I'll take my stand in freedom's land—
America first for me.

There are deeds untold in the world of old,
There are rumors and dark events,
And the facts unfold till my blood runs cold
And my very soul resents;
And I bow my head for the countless dead,
As I pray upon bended knee,
To bless each grave by him who gave
America first to me.

Through the darkest night it was freedom's light
That showed me the way to go;
I followed near and it led me here
To the fairest land I know.
So I leave behind all ties that bind
To those beyond the sea,
And I'll take my stand in Liberty's land
America first for me.
—C. J. Byrne, in American Home Weekly.

FAVORITE OF FILMDOM

Jane Gail.

Comely actress who has won wide popularity among followers of the silent drama.

Tea Production Grows.

The world's production of tea in 1915-1916 exceeded the figures of all other years recorded. India, Ceylon and Java produced 100,000,000 pounds more than in the previous year, the Indian harvest alone surpassing that of 1914-1915 by 55,500,000 pounds. Shipments from Java reached 96,000,000, an increase of 12,000,000 pounds over the previous year.

Shipments from China showed a steady diminution, dropping from 8,500,000 pounds in 1914-1915, to 3,300,000 last year. Though the world's consumption of tea has tripled in the last thirty years, the production of tea in China has remained almost stationary.

Mother's Cook Book

Creed of the Open Road—To do our own thinking, listening quietly to the opinions of others, but to be sufficiently men and women to act always upon our own convictions.—Ralph Waldo Trine.

Spring Foods.

The importance of teaching children to eat and enjoy vegetable food is a most important one for all mothers to consider. Vegetables add bulk to the food, holding foods in such manner that the digestive juices have free access. Vegetables contain valuable mineral matters which are inestimably valuable to the growing child, in fact indispensable to a good body structure of bones and muscles. The mineral matter keeps the blood in good balance, supply elasticity to the blood vessels and do many other things to the functioning of the body.

The combination of spinach, carrots, an onion or two with a little celery all cooked together is a most satisfactory mixture containing the valuable mineral salts essential to the young, growing child. This may be given as a puree, or finely chopped, seasoned with butter or in a chicken or mutton broth as a vegetable soup.

To remember that the mineral salts are soluble in water is a most vital thing, as many cooks throw away the water in which vegetables are cooked, losing the very elements that make vegetable food valuable. A little care and thought should be given to the cooking of young, tender, succulent vegetables, allowing them to cook in just water enough to keep them from burning, and that water should then be added to the seasonings in the form of a sauce. If that method is not desired, the liquid may be saved and put into the soup pot, thus saving all the mineral elements.

The cooking of vegetables in a large amount of water and throwing it way is a most reprehensible waste, and one that should be most soundly condemned. One of the most important beginnings in teaching children to eat and like all kinds of vegetables is that the parents should always partake of them. Children as a rule cannot be forced into eating things that are objectionable, and they have a right to object if the head of the family does not eat them, for he is the pattern and example which all children love to follow. If daddy eats carrots and spinach it is comparatively easy to overcome any prejudice on the part of the children if they are taught early enough.

The early greens that come first in the spring are rich in iron and should be eaten frequently. Spinach should be cooked in as little water as possible, not to waste any of the precious minerals.

Nellie Maxwell

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

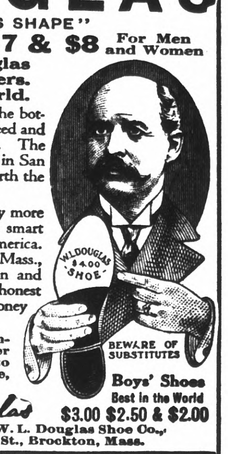
$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 For Men and Women

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

TRADE TRAINING IS LACKING

Uncle Sam's Chief Foreign Commerce Booster Says Facilities Are Not Sufficient.

Dr. Edward Ewing Pratt, chief of Uncle Sam's bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, declares that the United States lacks facilities for preparing men for a career in foreign trade.

"The great demonstration for foreign trade in this country," he says, "began literally before the echoes of the first guns in Europe died away. It was really ten months later, however, before we began to get our bearings and before the business men of our country actually get down to brass tacks in this foreign-trade business—some of them have not got there yet. But in spite of all this noise, backed up as it has been recently by a considerable amount of real solid activity, the universities and colleges have not yet awakened either to the need in the every-day business world or the opportunity for practical service that lies before them.

"It is not sufficient for the professors to point to a few language courses, many of which do not really teach the languages; and to a general course of commercial geography; nor to a course on the history of South America; nor even to a general course on foreign trade. Foreign trade has a technique of its own. No doubt many of the courses in the ordinary school are excellent as leading to foreign trade. But the mere assembling of a few paper courses under a denomination which will attract students interested in the subject is not sufficient.

SUFFERING CATS! GIVE THIS MAN THE GOLD MEDAL

No humbug! Any corn, whether hard, soft or between the toes, will loosen right up and lift out, without a particle of pain or soreness.

This drug is called freezone and is a compound of ether discovered by a Cincinnati man.

Ask at any drug store for a small bottle of freezone, which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus.

Put a few drops directly upon any tender, aching corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears and shortly the corn or callus will loosen and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This drug freezone doesn't eat out the corns or calluses but shrivels them without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Just think! No pain at all; no soreness or smarting when applying it or afterwards. If your druggist don't have freezone have him order it for you.—Adv.

STARTS NEW MARKET SERVICE

Uncle Sam Believes System Will Aid in Stabilizing Live Stock and Meat Prices.

Uncle Sam has established a new market news service on meats, supplying telegraphic reports of conditions in three representative eastern meat-consuming centers. These reports are now available daily to the trade and to consumers in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Kansas City and Omaha. They are intended to place at the disposal of the meat producer and of the wholesale and retail trade useful information in regard to supplies on hand, the demand for the various kinds and grades of meat, and other factors influencing the trade.

New York, Boston and Philadelphia, where the conditions are representative of those in other large consuming centers, government agents obtain early each morning all available information and send it by wire to Washington and to the eastern and western local offices of the office of markets and rural organization. There it is placed early in the business day at the disposal of all interested persons.

As the Poet Says.

"Co-operation is the secret of a successful household," remarked the sociologist.

"That's what I used to think," answered Mr. Glithers, "but it has been so long since Mrs. Glithers would tolerate my interference in household affairs, I have about concluded that 'they also serve who only stand and wait.'"

S. F. N. U. - - - - - - - - - No. 21, 1917

When Writing to Advertisers Please Mention this Paper

KOVERALLS

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Keep Kids Kleen

The most practical, healthful, playtime garments ever invented for children 1 to 8 years of age. Made in one piece with drop back. Easily slipped on or off. Easily washed. No tight elastic bands to stop circulation. Made in blue denim, and genuine blue and white hickory stripes. Also lighter weight, fast-color material in dark blue, cadet blue, tan or dark red, all appropriately trimmed with fast-color galatea. All garments made in Dutch neck with elbow sleeves for high neck and long sleeves.

85c the suit

If your dealer cannot supply you we will send them, charges prepaid on receipt of price, 85c each. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

A New Suit FREE If They Rip

Beware of Imitations. Look for the Two Horses on the Label.

Made by Levi Strauss & Co., San Francisco

Awarded GRAND PRIZE at the P.P.I.E.

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination.

Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance.

Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from us, and danger from Typhoid Carriers.

THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL.
PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

LAND FOR SALE—In Kern County, California. 20 acres fenced, old well. Five miles from Bakersfield, California, near highway. Good alfalfa land or potatoes and onions. Good crop raised on adjoining land. Near good homes and schools. Low price and easy terms to right man. Address M. A. Green, 822 Mission Street, San Francisco, California.

PROFIT BY CHANCE REMARK

Two Poor Families in Ireland Will Get $6,000 as Result of Hint Dropped by Woman.

San Francisco.—For twenty years Mary Dougherty worked in the steward's department of a big hotel here and in all that time she mentioned her personal affairs only once. That was to tell a close friend that she had never married because she couldn't find a man as fine as either of her two brothers in Donegal.

As a result of that chance remark two poor families in Ireland will get $6,000.

When Mary was killed in an accident two years ago her locker in the hotel was found to contain $1,500 in cash and a bank book showing $4,000 deposits.

The woman's friend told the public administrator about the two brothers in Donegal and, working through the British consulate, he learned that the brothers were Patrick and David Dougherty. David is dead, but his five children will divide the $6,000 with Patrick.

FOR PIMPLY FACES

Cuticura Is Best—Samples Free by Mail to Anyone Anywhere.

An easy, speedy way to remove pimples and blackheads. Smear the affected surfaces with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, bathing some minutes. Repeat night and morning. No better toilet preparations exist.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere. —Adv.

Hasty With His Gun.

New Dentist (in Frozen Dog)—Will you take gas?

Broncho Bill—Will it hurt much if I didn't?

New Dentist—It will.

Broncho Bill—Then, stranger, for your sake I reckon I'd better take it.

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis FOR

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. $2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 403 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Eastern Outfitting Co.

OFFERS TWO

Suit Specials

TO RICHMOND PEOPLE
For Today and SATURDAY

$14.50 and $22.75

For the finest high-grade garments
All shades, styles and materials

DRESSES

$12.75 and $17.75

SPECIAL WAIST SALE—$2.50 Novelty Silk Styles, all sizes

Buy on CREDIT From Us and Get Lowest Prices and Best Merchandise.

EASTERN OUTFITTING CO. 581 ourteenth St. OAKLAND

We give American Trading Stamps.

$80

Chicago and Back

On the dates named below the Santa Fe will sell excursion tickets to many eastern cities at a reduction of over 25 per cent from the round trip rates ordinarily in effect.

These excursion tickets are good on the California Limited as well as on our two other daily trains to the East.

The dates of sale for these excursions are:

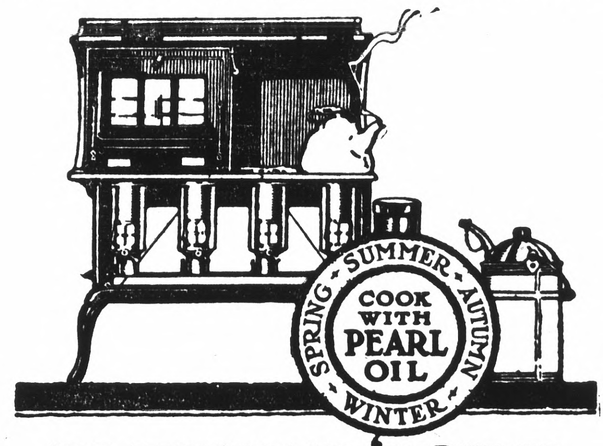
May 31.
June 1-2-11-12-16-17-26-27-30.

Other dates may be announced later

Call, phone or write—

Santa Fe

W. B. TRULL, Agt.
Phone Richmond 913



ALL THE YEAR 'ROUND

Cooler cooking in summer — better and more economical cooking all the year 'round.

A good oil stove will cook anything that any wood or coal range will cook, and do it better because of the steady, evenly-distributed heat.

All the convenience of gas. Meals in a jiffy, and a cool kitchen in summer.

The long blue chimneys prevent all smoke and smell. In 1, 2, 3 and 4 burner sizes, with or without ovens. Also cabinet models. Ask your dealer today.

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK-STOVE

FOR SALE BY

V. A. FENNER, RICHMOND
LASALLE & WRIGHT, RICHMOND
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L. H. SCHRADER, RICHMOND
STEGE HARDWARE CO., STEGE

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Oldest Newspaper in Richmond

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GEO. W. RYAN - - Publisher and Editor

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
Established in 1903.
Legal City and County Paper.

Entered as second-class matter June 22, 1903, at Richmond, California, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

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Advertising rates on application.

Legal notices must be paid for on or before delivery of affidavit of publication. No exception to this rule.

Editorial Comments

Lobbying Should Be Curbed.

Longfellow's poem on how the turnip grew is tame reading compared to the way the boards and commissions expand their jobs and emoluments.

Assemblyman Manning touched a responsive chord when he introduced a bill in the legislature to curb their lobbying for more appropriations.

Members of the legislature complained that commissioners and their attaches made themselves so obnoxious as to compel drastic action.

These numerous creations of legislative action have plenty of time and with their assistants form a formidable and effective lobby.

How to escape them is the problem of the legislature, for the country members have to meet them face to face every day of the whole session.

This trained and experienced official lobby make insistent demands for new laws and resolutions to increase their powers and emoluments.

The inexperienced representative of the people too often fall for their political prostitution of their o ffices and the taxpayers suffer.

Corporations Have Not Advanced Their Rates

Street car and passenger fares, ferry fares, and theatre tickets, even freight rates have not gone up like other things.

After all the high cost of living cannot be blamed on what may be considered the greatest monopolies.

The Saturday Evening Post says transportation is the cheapest service the American people get at present.

Manufacturing, government local, state and national, mining, and merchandising have all goneup in cost.

Telephone and telegraph rates have not gone up, and in many cases have been reduced and service improved.

Gas, electric light and power have gone down, and in many cases water rates have been reduced, few rates are raised.

The monopoly that has been abused by the newspapers on all occasions—the Pullman Car Co., has not raised rates.

Dining cars have not raised rates for meals, and lunch and plate service have actually lowered the cost of meals.

The middleman and the producer have profited by the all-round raises in the cost of existence more than the hated monopolies.

American Engineers in France.

American ingenuity and skill again steps into the limelight with nine regiments of railway engineers being organized to go to France and straighten out work on lines of communication.

The regiments will be raised from the great railway centers of the U. S. and will be railway engineers and officials.

The fact that American engineers from private railroads are to be the first men sent to the front to work on lines of government operated system of French roads, speaks volumes for the efficiency of the American system of privately owned railroads.

It is an admitted fact that we have the finest trains, running on the fastest time with lowest rates and best accommodations of any country in the world and yet there are many politicians and well meaning people who advocate the European system of government ownership in the United States.

Italy's share of the U. S. war loan is $100,000,000, a treasury warant having been turned over to the Italian ambassador for that amount.

Johnson, bootblack, 6th and Mac.

INFANT PARALYSIS AND SANITATION

Epidemic Has Forced a Crisis Upon Municipalities.

NEED OF CLEAN STREETS.

No Just Reason Why the Streets of the Well to Do Should Receive the Major Attention of Street Cleaning Departments—It Would Be Better to Discriminate on the Other Side.

Sanitary administration continually forces upon public officials the question of square dealing as between rich and poor, writes Dr. R. H. Bishop, Jr., health commissioner of Cleveland, O., in the American City. It is impossible for a health official to go through such a crisis as has been forced upon American cities by the epidemic of infantile paralysis without being impelled to consider what is the minimum that any citizen has a right to expect of his local government.

I am convinced that, among other things, he is entitled to clean streets. This means, of course, that he is entitled to street improvements that are capable of being cleaned.

There appears to be no just reason why the best paving should be provided for the streets of the well to do or why these streets should receive the major attention from street cleaning departments. Yet this is often the case. From a sanitary standpoint it would be much better to discriminate on the other side, if there is to be any discrimination at all.

The poorer portions of any city are more crowded. There is little or nothing in the nature of dooryards, so the street is the place where children play and older people congregate in their spare time. Congestion increases the normal refuse that may be expected in a populated region. It is in such localities that we find the cobbled, cracked and rutted pavements, which defy the best efforts of the street cleaner and which often, perhaps through discouragement over results, the street cleaner so nearly neglects.

Infantile paralysis has been a peculiarly distressing scourge in cities where it has obtained a foothold. The mortality has been high, and cases where recovery takes place there is probability of lifelong physical defects. The germ has defied isolation. It is not known definitely whether it finds entrance to the system through the respiratory organs or through the stomach, or both. Insects are reasonably suspected of transmitting infection in many cases. Warfare against such a germ means elimination of every possible breeding place—every channel of access.

The conditions of this warfare are not satisfied when a broom is passed across the irregular surface of some worn out pavement, leaving the interstices filled with moist and decayed filth. A street ought to be built like a hospital floor, with a uniform, nonadhesive surface, so drained that the application of water from a flusher will wash every particle of filth from its moorings and carry it clear to the sewer without interruption.

The workingmen who make up the population of congested localities deserve the best that the municipality can do for them. The first thing that I would suggest would be the wholesale tearing up and resurfacing of every battered street in the populous districts. The objection that better public improvements would be reflected in higher rents, thereby compelling the poor man to move to more poorly paved streets, is not valid because our paving program includes all streets. Dr. Gorgas' work in Panama became effective only after grouted brick pavements had been laid upon practically every street of the city, thus establishing a basis for public cleanliness. It seems to me that many American cities can learn for themselves what the United States has already taught the tropics.

Even if the subject is approached from the narrow standpoint of upper class interest, the dangers of permitting disease to breed in any portion of a city can readily be seen. To the casual view a slum district may seem isolated. But the prosperous citizen, before he permits himself to become indifferent, should remember that his washing, his deliveries and other of his own household functions are performed by persons who may come from congested and infected localities, that his office is cleaned by women of the tenements and that he brushes against persons of all classes on elevators and street cars.

This is the selfish aspect of the case. I prefer to put my argument for cleanable streets on a different basis—that a man is a man and a baby is a baby whether the home fronts on an alley or a boulevard.

Bumps on the Head.

The lump raised by a blow on the head is due to the resistance offered by the hard skull and its close connection with the movable elastic scalp by many circumscribed bands of connective tissue. The result of a blow when the scalp is not cut is the bruising and laceration of many of the small blood vessels or capillaries. Blood or its fluid constituent, serum, is poured into the meshes of the surrounding connective tissue, which is delicate, spongy, distensible and cellular, and the well known bump or lump is quickly formed. This cannot push inward at all and naturally takes the line of least resistance. Similar bumps may be formed on the shin in exactly the same way, for the shin bone also is covered only by skin and subcutaneous connective tissue.

Wisdom of Persia.

Purity is for man, next to life, the greatest good. That purity is procured by the law of Mazda to him who cleanses his own self with good thoughts, words and deeds.

Thou shouldst not become presumptuous through any happiness of the world, for the happiness of the world is such like as a cloud that comes on a rainy day, which one does not ward off by any hill.—From the Zend-Avesta, Ancient Persian Scriptures.

Memorial Day Excursions

Between all Points In California.

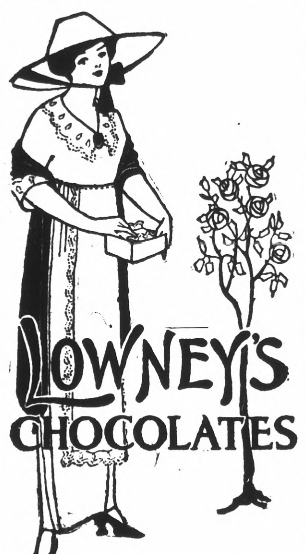
Also to Nevada and Oregon Points.

Tickets on sale: May 29, 30; return limit, May 31

ASK AGENT

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Write for folder on the "Apache Trail of Arizona"



The Candy We All Love to Eat

Richmond Pharmacy

E. M. Ferguson

724 Macdonald Ave., Richmond, Cal.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE
1917

Notice To Taxpayers.

All persons, firms, companies, corporporations and associations are required to deliver at the Assessor's Office, Martinez, immediately, a statement under oath of all the property, both real and personal, owned or claimed by him, her or them, or in their possession, or held in trust for others, at 12 o'clock meridian, on

FIRST MONDAY OF MARCH, 1917, in accordance with the new constitution. Refusal or neglect to make such sworn statement of all property owned or held in trust, will subject the person so refusing or neglecting to make such sworn statement to the full penalty of the law

All property owners should see that their property is correctly described on the assessment roll.

Immediate attention is necessary, as work on the roll has already been commenced. Proper blanks may be had at the Assessor's office or of his deputies.

All statements must be in the Assessor's office on or before the 1st day of May, 1917.

J. O. Ford, Deputy at Richmond.

G. O. MEESE,
County Assessor.

June 1-[illegible]

RICHMOND - ALBANY AUTO STAGES

The Richmond-Albany Auto Stages carry passengers between First Street, Richmond, and Main Street, Albany, for TEN CENTS, connecting every twenty minutes with the S. P. electric cars at Albany for San Francisco. Good service. Quicker time, comfort, cheaper fare.

Leaves First and Macdonald on the even hour and every 20 minutes thereafter. Try a 20-minute "joy-ride" over the new Highway.

Continental Congress.

The first session of the continental congress was held in Carpenter's hall, Philadelphia, Sept. 5, 1774, with forty-four members present. All the colonies were represented except Georgia and North Carolina. Peyton Randolph of Virginia was president and Charles Thomson was secretary.

Correct.

"It's easy to find out what time it is," said a married man. "If the hall clock says 5:20, and the drawing room clock says 5:50, and the dining room clock says 6:05, and my watch says 6:15, and my wife's little dinky watch says 6, it's 6 o'clock in our house."—Exchange.

Its Oddity.

"There is one thing in a lawyer's profession which is different from any other."

"What is that?"

"The longer he is at it the more he has of a brief career."—Baltimore American.

Gravity is Not the Test for Gasoline

"The specific gravity test is worthless, as a test of gasoline quality."

So says the U. S. Bureau of Standards. Boiling points comprise the only real test, because easy starting, quick acceleration, maximum power, depend absolutely on boiling points. The gravity-hydrometer tells you nothing about the boiling points of gasoline.

RED CROWN
the Gasoline of Quality

is straight-distilled, and thus has its boiling points in a gradually rising, unbroken chain—low boiling points for easy starting, medium boiling points for quick and smooth acceleration, high boiling points for power and mileage.

No mixture can contain an unbroken chain of boiling points—the hundreds of intermediate points are missing. Be sure and get Red Crown. It's pure gasoline—not a mixture.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (CALIFORNIA)

A Continuous Chain of Boiling Points

High Boiling Points for power & mileage

Medium Boiling Points for quick and smooth acceleration

Low Boiling Points for easy starting

RED CROWN GASOLINE

Have you bought your Liberty Bonds?

Your Vacation

SHOULD MEAN

Rest — Health — Pleasure

There are hundreds of Mountain and Seaside resorts only a few hours away.

SUGGESTIONS:

San Francisco and Oakland
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Monterey Bay Points
Santa Cruz Mountain Resorts
Shasta Resorts—Sierra Resorts
Yosemite—Lake Tahoe
Lake County Resorts
Klamath Lake Region
Crater Lake—Huntington Lake
Los Angeles and its Beaches

Write for Free Booklet. State region you prefer. We will gladly assist you in arranging a delightful trip. ASK ANY AGENT.

Southern Pacific

Write for folder on the Apache Trail of Arizona.

Have you bought your Liberty Bonds?

A GAS RANGE
Will Do It

Fry, broil, bake and make your cooking more successful

It will lessen your labors about the house

Don't delay
Selecting a
Gas Range

SEE SPECIALS on Display by LOCAL DEALERS

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